



DGITechChronicle



DGI TECH CHRONICLE

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SE (AI & ML)

EDITION

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DGITechChronicle

EDITORIAL MESSAGE



Dr. Bipin Pandey
(HOD CSE)

Dear Readers,

Welcome to DGI Tech Chronicle's latest edition. This issue showcases the hard work of our brilliant contributors as they investigate the newest developments, innovations, and trends that are redefining the digital landscape.

By means of perceptive articles, comprehensive analyses, and professional viewpoints, our objective is to provide a connection between theory and practice, thereby illuminating the transformational potential of CSE in various industries. Our newsletter seeks to inform, enlighten, and develop readers' curiosity about a wide range of subjects.

We urge you to investigate, participate, and welcome the opportunities that present themselves in this always changing industry. Keeping up with the rapid evolution of technology necessitates being knowledgeable and flexible.

We hope that our valued readers will find this magazine to be a useful resource that ripens their interest and encourages conversation.

We appreciate your participation in our journey. We cordially encourage you to explore the fascinating information on these pages and go along with us as we explore the seemingly endless fields of Computer Science and Engineering.

Warm regards,
Dr. Bipin Pandey
Editor-in-Chief, DGI Tech Chronicle

EDITORIAL BOARD



Dr. Bipin Pandey
(HOD CSE)

Editor in Chief

In this issue, we delve into a captivating array of topics and developments, all tailored to the inquisitive minds of the future engineers. As an engineering college community, we stand at the forefront of technological breakthroughs, and it is our mission to empower you with the knowledge and insights to not only keep pace but to lead in this ever-accelerating race of innovation.



Vishal Kumar
(12116; CSE)

Editor- Design



Navonil Das
(12053; CSE)

Co- Editor



Muskan Mehta
(12047; CSE)

Editor- Text



DGITechChronicle



**Department Vision
and Mission**

**Department PEO, PSO
and PO's**

**My Pen and Me:
Students Articles**

Department Achievers

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VISION

To facilitate high quality education in Information Technology and progressive atmosphere to the students so that they can fit into the competitive atmosphere in the global market.

To provide a learning ambience to enhance innovations, problem solving skills, managerial qualities, team-spirit and ethical responsibilities.

To provide exposure to latest tools and technologies in the area of Information Technology.

To support society by participating in & encouraging technology transfer.

To undertake collaborative learning which offers opportunities for long term interaction with academia and industry.

MISSION

Program Educational Objectives (PEO)

Engineers will practice the profession of engineering using a systems perspective and analyze, design, develop, optimize & implement engineering solutions and work productively as engineers, including supportive and leadership roles on multidisciplinary teams.

Continue their education in leading graduate programs in engineering & interdisciplinary areas to emerge as researchers, experts, educators & entrepreneurs and recognize the need for, and an ability to engage in continuing professional development and life-long learning.

Engineers, guided by the principles of sustainable development and global interconnectedness, will understand how engineering projects affect society and the environment.

Promote Design, Research, and implementation of products and services in the field of Engineering through Strong Communication and Entrepreneurial Skills.

Re-learn and innovate in ever-changing global economic and technological environments of the 21st century.

Programme Outcome (POs)

Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, & modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

Programme Outcome (POs)

The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.

Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

Bridging the Gap: Translation of English Words from German-English Bilingual Text for Natural Language Processing



Anjali Rai
(12011; CSE)

In the realm of Natural Language Processing (NLP), the translation of words from a German-English bilingual text poses a unique set of challenges and opportunities. As the demand for effective communication between different linguistic communities continues to grow, the development of robust translation models becomes paramount.

The complexity lies in the inherent differences between the German and English languages, not only in terms of vocabulary but also in sentence structure and grammatical nuances. German, known for its compound words and intricate grammatical rules, requires a nuanced approach to accurately convey meaning in English. Natural Language Processing algorithms play a pivotal role in deciphering and translating these linguistic intricacies.

The translation process involves mapping German words to their corresponding English counterparts, often requiring an understanding of context and cultural nuances. State-of-the-art machine learning models, such as neural machine translation (NMT) systems, leverage vast bilingual datasets to enhance their translation capabilities. These models employ sophisticated algorithms that learn patterns and relationships between words, enabling them to generate contextually relevant translations.

To achieve accurate translations, researchers focus on fine-tuning models to capture the idiosyncrasies of both languages. Additionally, incorporating contextual information and considering the broader linguistic context helps address ambiguities and enhances translation accuracy.



Demystifying Quantum Computing

STUDENTS ARTICLES



Anshika Shrivastava
(12013; CSE)

Quantum computing, a field that once existed primarily in the realm of theoretical physics and science fiction, is increasingly making its mark in the world of technology. At its core, quantum computing leverages the principles of quantum mechanics to perform computations at speeds unattainable by classical computers.

Unlike classical bits, which represent information as either a 0 or a 1, quantum bits, or qubits, can exist in multiple states simultaneously, thanks to a phenomenon known as superposition. This inherent ability allows quantum computers to process a vast number of possibilities simultaneously, potentially solving complex problems much faster than their classical counterparts.



Entanglement is another key quantum principle harnessed in quantum computing. When qubits become entangled, the state of one qubit directly influences the state of the other, regardless of the physical distance between them. This interconnectedness enables quantum computers to perform parallel computations, offering a unique advantage over classical systems.

One of the most significant challenges in the development of practical quantum computers is maintaining coherence. Quantum systems are delicate and susceptible to external interference, leading to errors in computations. Researchers are actively exploring error correction techniques and developing more stable qubits to overcome these challenges.



Quantum computing holds immense promise for applications in cryptography, optimization problems, and simulations of quantum systems. However, it is essential to manage expectations; quantum computers are not poised to replace classical computers for everyday tasks. Instead, they are expected to complement classical systems, addressing specific problems where their unique capabilities shine.

As quantum computing research advances, the demystification of this cutting-edge technology becomes increasingly important. Understanding its principles and limitations will pave the way for harnessing its full potential and ushering in a new era of computational capabilities.

Five Inventions Revolutionizing the Lives of People with Disabilities



Anshita Garg
(2014; CSE)

Innovations in technology have been instrumental in breaking barriers and creating opportunities for individuals with disabilities. Here are five groundbreaking inventions that are revolutionizing the lives of people with disabilities:

Brain-Computer Interfaces (BCIs): BCIs have emerged as a transformative technology, allowing individuals with severe physical disabilities to control devices using their thoughts. By translating brain signals into commands, BCIs enable paralyzed individuals to communicate, operate computers, or control robotic limbs with unprecedented precision.

Exoskeletons: Robotic exoskeletons have opened new horizons for individuals with mobility impairments. These wearable devices provide powered assistance, allowing users to stand, walk, and regain a level of independence. Exoskeleton technology is continually evolving, with lighter and more affordable models becoming available.



Smart Glasses for the Visually Impaired: Smart glasses equipped with advanced computer vision technologies offer a new perspective to those with visual impairments. These glasses can identify objects, read text, and provide auditory cues, enhancing the daily lives of individuals who are blind or visually impaired.

Sign Language Translation Gloves: Bridging the communication gap between individuals who use sign language and those who do not, translation gloves convert sign language gestures into audible speech. This innovation promotes inclusive communication, fostering better understanding and connection in diverse social settings.

3D-Printed Prosthetics: Traditional prosthetics can be expensive and often inaccessible. 3D printing technology has revolutionized the prosthetics industry by providing a cost-effective and customizable solution. This approach allows for personalized prosthetics that are not only affordable but also tailored to the specific needs and preferences of the user.

These inventions underscore the transformative power of technology in enhancing the quality of life for people with disabilities. As researchers and innovators continue to push the boundaries, the future holds even more promise for inclusive and accessible technologies that empower individuals of all abilities.



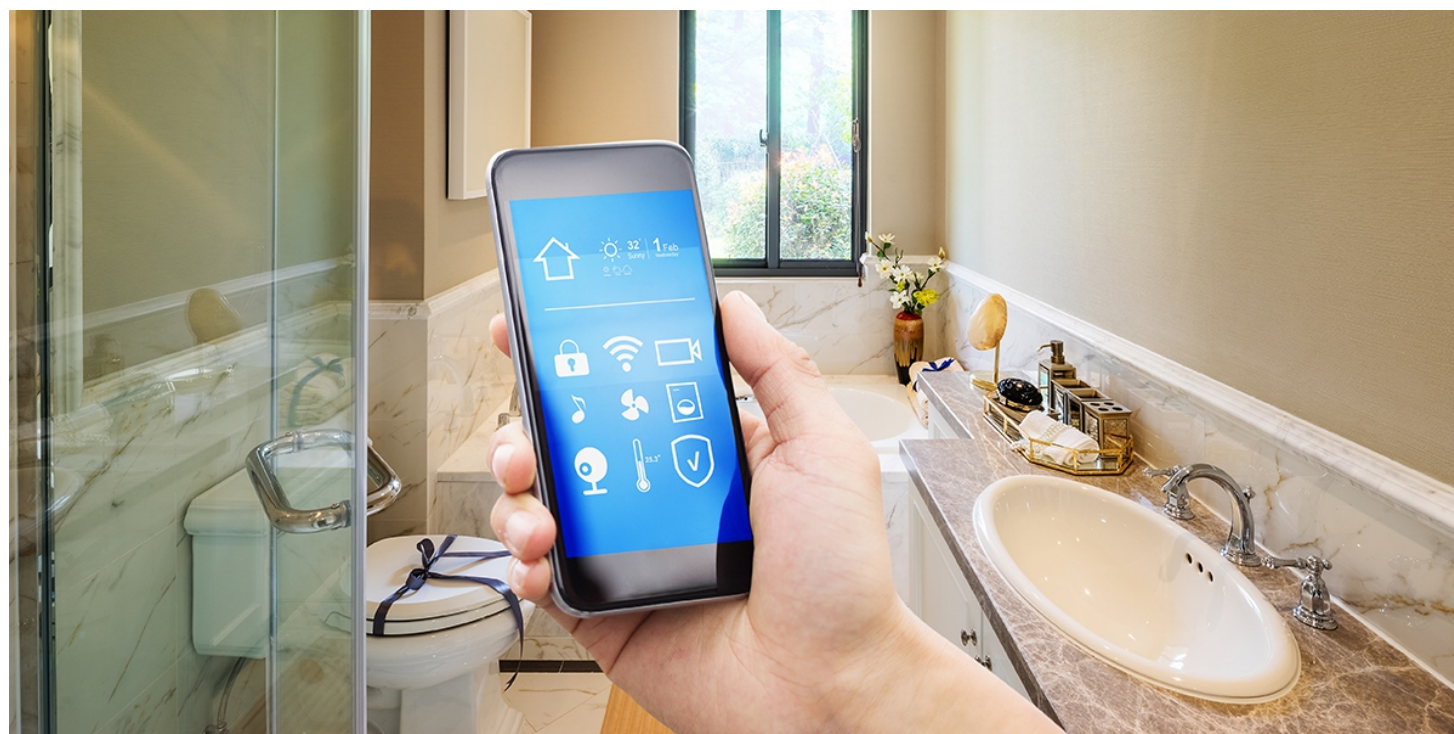
Touchless Smart Toilets and IoT-Enabled Sewage Monitoring: A Leap in Sanitation Technology



Jaimin Singh
(12032; CSE)

Traditional toilets, with their reliance on manual flushing mechanisms, have limitations in maintaining hygiene standards. Touchless smart toilets address these concerns by incorporating sensor-based technologies. These toilets are equipped with infrared sensors that detect the user's presence and initiate flushing automatically, minimizing direct contact and reducing the risk of germ transmission. Some advanced models even offer additional features such as seat heating, customizable bidet functionalities, and automated lid opening and closing.

IoT-Enabled Sewage Monitoring System:The conventional approach to sewage management often involves reactive measures rather than proactive ones. The integration of IoT into sewage systems transforms the way municipalities and utility companies handle wastewater. IoT sensors are strategically placed within sewage networks to monitor parameters such as flow rates, chemical composition, and overall system health. Real-time data is then transmitted to a centralized control system, allowing for immediate detection of anomalies, leakages, or potential blockages.



Benefits and Implications: The combination of touchless smart toilets and an IoT-enabled sewage monitoring system offers numerous benefits. Improved hygiene in public spaces, reduced water consumption due to optimized flushing, and early detection of sewage issues are just a few advantages. Moreover, the data collected through the IoT sensors facilitates predictive maintenance, minimizing the chances of major sewage system failures and enabling more efficient resource allocation for repairs.

In conclusion, the development of touchless smart toilets and IoT-enabled sewage monitoring systems represents a harmonious marriage of technology and sanitation. As these innovations continue to mature, they have the potential to revolutionize the way societies approach public health and environmental conservation, ensuring a cleaner and more sustainable future.



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Abhinav Goel
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2	Abhinav Goel	11227	105	Dronacharya Group of Institutions	UP
3	Shreeya Moghe	10082	102	Indian Institute of Science	Karnataka

Link : http://www.ncat.co.in/Result_NCAT_2021.aspx#&panel1-1

Student Got Rank #2 in NCAT (National Creativity Aptitude Test)

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SAHIL KHAN
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